

**P.G. 1st Semester - 2017****MATHEMATICS****Paper : MMATCCT-106**

Full Marks : 40

Time : 2 Hours

*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.  
Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.*

Answer any **five** questions.  $8 \times 5 = 40$ 

1. a) Every closed subspace of a compact space is compact.
- b) Let  $\{A_\alpha\}_{\alpha \in \Lambda}$  be a collection of compact subsets of a Hausdorff space  $(X, \tau)$ . Prove that  $\bigcap_{\alpha \in \Lambda} A_\alpha$  is compact.
- c) Let  $\{x_n\}$  be sequence in a topological space  $X$  and  $x_n \rightarrow x \in X$ . Show that  $\{x_n : n \in \mathbb{N}\} \cup \{x\}$  is compact subset of  $X$ .  $3+3+2$
2. a) Show that every finite set in a Hausdorff space is closed.

- b) Show that a topological space  $X$  is Hausdorff if and only if the diagonal  $\Delta = \{(x, x) : x \in X\}$  is closed in  $X \times X$ .  $3+5=8$

3. a) Suppose that  $X$  and  $Y$  are two topological spaces and  $f : X \rightarrow Y$  is a continuous function. If  $x$  is a limit point of a subset  $A$  of  $X$ , then  $f(x)$  is a limit point of  $f(A)$  – prove or disprove.
- b) Suppose that  $X$  be a topological space and  $A, B$  are closed subsets in  $X$  such that  $X = A \cup B$ .  $Y$  be another topological space,  $f : A \rightarrow Y$  and  $g : B \rightarrow Y$  be continuous function. If  $f(x) = g(x) \forall x \in A \cap B$  then show that the function  $h : X \rightarrow Y$  defined by

$$h(x) = \begin{cases} f(x) & \text{if } x \in A \\ g(x) & \text{if } x \in B \end{cases}$$

is a continuous function.  $4+4=8$ 

4. a) Show that composition of two homeomorphisms is a homeomorphism. Is  $\mathbb{R}^2$  homeomorphic to  $S^2$ ?— Justify.
- b) Let  $\mathbb{R}^\omega$  the countably infinite product of  $\mathbb{R}$  with box topology. Where  $\mathbb{R}$  is equipped with standard topology. Then prove or disprove that

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the function

$f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{\omega}$  defined by  $f(t)=(t, t, t, \dots)$

is continuous. 4+4=8

5. a) Let  $X$  be a topological space satisfying the first countability axiom.  $A$  be subset of  $X$ ,  $x \in X$ . Show that there is a sequence of points of  $A$  converging to  $x$  if and only if  $x \in \bar{A}$ .

b) What do you mean by second countable space? 6+2=8

6. a) Assume  $\mathbb{R}$  is equipped with standard topology and  $Q$  is subspace of  $\mathbb{R}$ . Then show that  $\mathbb{R}^2 - Q^2$  is connected.

b) Prove or Disprove  $\mathbb{R}$  with lower limit topology is connected. 5+3=8

7. a) Define component of a topological space  $X$ .

b) Show that a topological space  $X$  is locally connected if and only if for every open set  $U$  in  $X$ , each component of  $U$  is open in  $X$ .

2+6=8

8. a) Let  $\mathbb{R}$  is equipped with standard topology.

Then show that  $\left\{ \frac{1}{n} : n \in \mathbb{N} \right\} \cup \{0\}$  is compact

in  $\mathbb{R}$  but  $\left\{ \frac{1}{n} : n \in \mathbb{N} \right\}$  is not compact in  $\mathbb{R}$ .

b) Show that every cofinite topological space is compact. 5+3=8

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